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**MCS-012** 

# MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION/BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (REVISED) (MCA/BCA) Term-End Examination December, 2020 MCS-012 : COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Weightage: 75%

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory and carries
40 marks. Attempt any three questions from the rest.

- (a) Perform the following computation using binary 2's complement notation, assuming the register size to be of 8 bits. Also check for occurrence of overflow : 6
  - (i) -63 + 74

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(ii) -128 + 39

(iii) + 86 + 42

(b) Explain the meaning of 'minterm' in the context of digital logic circuits. Make the truth table and simplify the following Boolean function in SOP form using K-maps. Also draw the logic diagram: 5

F (A, B, C) =  $\Sigma$  (0, 4, 6, 7)

- (c) The main memory of a computer is of 64 K words size having a word size of 16 bits. The cache of this computer also has a block size of 16 bits having 256 blocks. Answer the following questions if direct mapping scheme has been followed : 5
  - (i) Size of tag and index fields of cache address.
  - (ii) In which address of cache a main memory address (AFBA) can be found ?
  - (iii) What will be the action of memory management system if the stated memory address is not found in cache location ?

- (d) What is an Interrupt ? Explain any one technique that can be used to determine which device has issued the interrupt.
- (e) Assume that an instruction has been fetched in Instruction Register (IR) of a computer, and has been decoded. R register DR is to be used for fetching the operand and AC register is to be used for calculation. Write and explain the various micro-operations for the purpose of execution of the instruction :

### Add AC, A

where A is memory location which has the operand and the address of A is presently stored in MAR. 4

(f) Explain the horizontal and vertical microinstruction format with the help of a diagram each. Which of the two microinstructions is faster ? Give reason in support of your answer.

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- (g) Write a program in 8086 assembly language that stores (FEDC)h in AX register and (BA98)h in BX register. It then stores the values of AL, AH, BL and BH in four consecutive byte locations in the memory. Make suitable assumptions, 6
- (h) What is Memory Interleaving ? Discuss its advantages. 4
- 2. (a) Explain the concept of S-R flip-flop with the help of legic diagram and characteristic table. Make and explain the excitation table of S-R flip-flop.
  - (b) How normalization and biasing are used for representation of floating point numbers ? Explain using a suitable example. 5
  - (c) Briefly explain the following : 6
    - (i) RAID
    - (ii) Charge Coupled Devices
    - (iii) Seek Time of a Disk

- (d) Describe the concept of address space and memory space in virtual memory with the help of an example.
- 3. (a) Explain the following addressing schemes with the help of an example of each : 6
  - (i) Indexed Addressing
  - (ii) Base Register Addressing
  - (iii) Relative Addressing Scheme
  - (b) Explain the concept of instruction pipelining with the help of a diagram. 5
  - (c) Explain the following instructions of 8086microprocessor : 6
    - (i) CMP
    - (ii) JMP
    - (iii) RCL
    - (iv) SHR

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- (d) Explain the advantages of using segments in 8086 microprocessor. 3
- 4. (a) Draw the truth table of a 8 × 3 encoder.Also, write the expressions for the outputs in terms of inputs.
  - (b) Explain the advantages of having densely packed integrated circuits. 4
  - (c) What is an I/O interface in a computer ?List the functions of I/O interfaces. 5
  - (d) Explain the features and uses of the following I/O devices : 6
    - (i) DVD-ROM
    - (ii) Printer
    - (iii) Scanner
- 5. (a) What is an Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) for
  a 8086 microprocessor ? Explain with the
  help of a diagram, how interrupts are
  processed using IVT.

- (b) What is the role of flag register in 8086 microprocessor ? Explain the use of
  (i) overflow flag (ii) string direction flag,
  (iii) parity flag in 8086 microprocessor. 4
- (c) Explain the working of Wilkes control unit with the help of a diagram.
- (d) List any *five* characteristics of RISC machines. 5